UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/611,494	06/30/2003	Brian J. Smyth	600754-3U1	6765
	7590 10/28/200 IWARZE BELISARIO		EXAMINER	
ONE COMMERCE SQUARE			MANCHO, RONNIE M	
PHILADELPH	ET STREET, SUITE 2200 PHIA, PA 19103		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3664	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/611,494	SMYTH ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	RONNIE MANCHO	3664	
The MAILING DATE of this commu Period for Reply	nication appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence add	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cor - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for rep Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may imunication. statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) No ally will, by statute, cause the application to become	NICATION. y a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this coe ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 Responsive to communication(s) fi This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice. 	2b)☐ This action is non-final. n for allowance except for formal m		merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4)	are withdrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by to the transfer of the specification is objected to by the specific of	e: a) accepted or b) objected ection to the drawing(s) be held in abeing the correction is required if the draw	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ing(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
2. Certified copies of the priorit3. Copies of the certified copies	y documents have been received. y documents have been received in s of the priority documents have be ional Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No en received in this National :	Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	(PTO-948) Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application 	

Application/Control Number: 10/611,494 Page 2

Art Unit: 3664

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 107-109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claims 107-109 recite "a traffic event is correlated to a plurality of links", emphasis added. Applicant's original disclosure does not have possession of the limitation. Applicant makes reference only to figs. 21 and 22 and items 223, 224 as disclosing the limitation. The examiner disagrees and notes the limitation "a traffic event" is singular and the limitation, "plurality of links" is plural. There is no disclosure or suggestion that a single traffic event is correlated to multiple links. Figs. 21 and 22 and items 223, 224 indicate that a user or operator chooses a roadway 276 and enters what applicant refers to as a "from point 223" and a "to point 224". Applicant's specification section 00213. Thus there is no disclosure or suggestion that a single traffic event is correlated to multiple links. This is new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/611,494

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

Art Unit: 3664

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Page 3

4. Claims 16-22, 81-109 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Myr (2001/0029425).

Regarding claim 16, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; pages 3-8) discloses a computer-implemented method of creating a virtual traffic network representing traffic conditions on a road system, the method comprising:

- (a) inputting into a processor (CTU, see 0136; fig. 13) map data representing a road system, the road system being defined by a plurality of links (at 6 in fig. 13, the CTU receives map data about road systems. As clearly seen in figs. 20-23, the road systems inputted in the CTU are defined by a plurality of links; sec. 0162-0170, the links disclosed in the prior art figs. 20-23 meet applicant's definition of links e.g. a stretch of road between two nodes, etc in applicant's page 12, last section);
- (b) inputting into the processor (CTU, see 0136; fig. 13) flow data related to traffic flow on the road system (in sec. 0135 updated traffic flow data and accident reports which are related to traffic flow are inputted in the CTU; in sec 0046 traffic situation on the roads which is related to traffic flow is inputted in the CTU. In the abstract, and sec. 0100, the probe vehicles act as sensors on the road links for collecting traffic flow data and forwarding the data to the CTU, etc);
- (c) inputting into the processor (CTU, sec 0136; fig. 13) information about traffic events obtained from different sources of the flow data, including information that correlates the traffic events to specific links on the road system (see figs. 16-18, 20, sec. 0152-0154, 0164-0170; in sec. 0136 traffic information about traffic events such as accidents, weather are inputted into the

CTU. In section 0100 probe vehicle transmit traffic information such as traffic congestion to the CTU, etc), wherein the traffic events are occurrences on the road system (figs. 9, 17, 20, 21, etc; sec. 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167 to 0170) which may have an impact on the flow of traffic, and the traffic event information is inputted into the processor separately from the flow data (in section 0013, 0018, traffic flow data and traffic event data are collected separately for each section or road link shown in figs. 9, 17, 20, 21, etc; sec. 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167 to 0170); and

(d) the processor (CTU, see sec. 0010-0021) integrating the map data, the flow data and the traffic information to produce a virtual traffic network representing traffic conditions on the road system (at sec 0013-0018, 0063-0069, 019-0021; figs. 20-23 a virtual traffic network is produced as it is distributed to other vehicles requesting navigation guidance, the process is summarized in the abstract, sec. 0013-0021), wherein the virtual traffic network indicates both the flow data and the traffic event information (sec. 0013 to 0018, 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167to 0170), the traffic event information being integrated by using the specific links on the road system that the traffic events are correlated to (see sec. 0010-0021; figs. 16-18, 20, sec. 0152-0154, 0164-0170)

Regarding claim 17, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein the flow data is real-time flow data, the virtual traffic network representing real-time traffic conditions on the road system.

Regarding claim 18, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein the flow data is input from a plurality of road sensors.

Regarding claim 19, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein step (a) further comprises customizing the map data to define locally known features of the road system.

Regarding claim 20, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein one of the traffic events are incidents and the information includes information related to incidents on the road system.

Regarding claim 21, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein the map data, the flow data and the information have a synaptic relationship with each other.

Regarding claim 22, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein the virtual traffic network is spatially oriented.

Regarding claim 95, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein each link represents a distinct stretch of the road system between two nodes, each node being a decision point on the road system (sec. 0013 to 0018, 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167 to 0170).

Regarding claim 96, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein each link represents a distinct stretch of the road system between two nodes, each node being where two or more roadways merge together (figs. 9, 17, 20, 21, etc; sec. 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167 to 0170).

Regarding claim 97, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 wherein step (c) is performed by a human operator (figs. 8, 13, sec. 0112, 0136).

Regarding claim 98, Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; sec. 0013-0021) discloses the method of claim 16 further comprising:

(e) graphically displaying the virtual traffic network, including the map data, the flow data and the traffic event information (figs. 8, 13, sec. 0112, 0136), the graphical display showing the flow data and the traffic event information on a map representing the virtual traffic network (fig. 8, 17, 20, ect), the traffic event information being integrated into the map by using the specific links on the road system that the traffic events are correlated to (see sec. 0010-0021; figs. 16-18, 20, sec. 0152-0154, 0164-0170)

Myr anticipates claims 81-94, 99-106. That is Myr anticipates claims 16-22 and since claims 81-94, 99-106 are not patentably distinct from claims 16-22, Myr also anticipates claims 81-92.

Regarding claims 107-109 (as best understood) Myr (figs. 1, 3-5, 11, 13, 17, 18; abstract; pages 3-8) discloses that at least some of the traffic information inputted into the processor (CTU, see 0136; fig. 13) about a traffic event is correlated to a plurality of links on the road system, and the virtual traffic network represents that the plurality of links are affected by the traffic event correlated to the plurality of links.

In the prior art sections 0127 and 0134, etc disclose a traffic event (such as weather, road closure) correlated to a plurality of links (all roads in a category).

In the prior art at 6 in fig. 13, the CTU receives map data about road systems. As clearly seen in figs. 20-23, the road systems inputted in the CTU are defined by a plurality of links; sec. 0162-0170, the links disclosed in the prior art figs. 20-23 meet applicant's definition of links e.g. a stretch of road between two nodes, etc in applicant's page 12, last section.

In the prior art sec. 0135 updated traffic flow data and accident reports which are related to traffic flow are inputted in the CTU; in sec 0046 traffic situation on the roads which is related to traffic flow is inputted in the CTU. In the abstract, and sec. 0100, the probe vehicles act as sensors on the road links for collecting traffic flow data for each particular link and forwarding the data to the CTU, etc

Page 7

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 8/18/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the applicant's definition of "zones" in Myr in the last response to the official action was in error. Applicant then went forth to provide a new constructed definition of zones in the prior art, Myr. The examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant's position. Applicant cannot construe and switch definitions of a term or phrase just for the purpose of confusing or overcoming the prior art. Applicant traverses the 102 rejections citing that Myr does not disclose correlating an accident report or weather report with a particular link of a roadway. Applicant further argues that Myr provides no details regarding the structure of the inputs made by an administrator. The examiner disagrees and notes that "details regarding the structure of the inputs made by an administrator" is not claimed. The argument is thus moot. However upon careful consideration of applicant's amendments and arguments and review of the Myr reference, it is noted that Myr still reads on applicant's claimed invention. The examiner notes that limitations from the specification are not to be read into the claim language. Myr anticipates applicant's definition of links because according to applicant's definition, Myr (figs.

20-23) disclose a stretch of road between two nodes. It is further noted that Myr (figs. 9, 17, 20, 21, etc; sec. 0013 to 0018, 0114 to 0121, 0152, 0163, 0167 to 0170) anticipate the limitation. Applicant's definition of "zones" in Myr is contradictory because on one hand applicant insists that "zones" in Myr have no specific relationship to road "section". Then on the contrary, applicant insists that "zones" are defined by criteria such as road density. Thus it is clearly seen that applicant is confused and contradicts his definition of zones wherein applicant indicates that zones have a relationship to "road sections" through density of the road sections. Applicant event admits on page 12, lines 24 and 25 that "the sections in Myr are defined by stretches of road between intersections". Anyway, the invention is not about "zones". Therefore, applicant's argument with respect to "zones" is not on point because the invention does not exclude zones. Applicant is reminded that the claims are open ended by reciting --comprising:--, NOT -consisting:--. Applicant's admission at sections 0101, 0111, etc in the appendix is an indication that the prior art anticipates correlating traffic events (e.g. traffic congestion) with links (e.g. range or road system) of a road system. Further, applicant's argument that figure 11 discloses zones and not road links is not convincing. The zones in fig. 11 are defined by roads (Myr, sec. 0124, 0126, 0135). As can also be seen in figs. 11 and 13, the zones are made up of roads. Therefore accidents, weather and traffic flow data, etc corresponding to a zone also correspond particularly to the road link in that zone. In addition, the zones in Myr can also be interpreted as stretches of sections of roods. It would be ingenious to indicate that there is traffic congestion or a ROAD accident for example in zone 11 of fig. 11 when there is no road section disclosed in that section or when that section is not considered. Therefore, when reports are made of road accidents in zone 6 (fig. 11), it implies that there is a road in zone 6 where a road accident

occurred. Applicant's arguments are focused mainly on fig. 13, but fail to consider figs. 17, 20-24, etc. It is further noted that applicant's statements on page 11 of arguments such as, "Myr identifies the road within the zone that correlates to traffic event (e.g., accident report)"; "the specific road sections where these accidents occurred", etc are indications that the prior art anticipates the limitations as claimed.

Applicant's argument with reference to the black box has no merits because applicant has admitted that in the appendix that the prior art anticipates the claims. Further, applicant's argument with reference to the limitation, "CPU in the prior art does not correlate the zones with the links on a road system" is not convincing since the limitation is not claimed. That is the processor or CPU was not claimed to do correlation. It is further noted that Applicant's statement, "Myr does not disclose or suggest that anything else is done with the congestion/bottleneck information" is not claimed.

Although applicant copies and pastes the contents of sections e.g. 0013-0021, 0063-0069, figs. 20-23 cited by the examiner, the applicant has ignored the meaning of the context of the cited sections. These sections clearly indicate anticipation of the claims. The applicant merely indicates that these sections do not anticipate the claim. The examiner disagrees with all of applicant's arguments and notes that the prior art anticipates the claims.

Applicant's claims 107-109 recite "a traffic event is correlated to a plurality of links", emphasis added. Applicant's original disclosure does not have possession of the limitation. Applicant makes reference only to figs. 21 and 22 and items 223, 224 as disclosing the limitation. The examiner disagrees and notes the limitation "a traffic event" is singular and the limitation, "plurality of links" is plural. There is no disclosure or suggestion that a single traffic

Application/Control Number: 10/611,494 Page 10

Art Unit: 3664

event is correlated to multiple links. Figs. 21 and 22 and items 223, 224 indicate that a user or operator chooses a roadway 276 and enters what applicant refers to as a "from point 223" and a "to point 224". Applicant's specification section 00213. Thus there is no disclosure or suggestion that *a single traffic event* is correlated to *multiple links*. This is new matter.

It is believed that the rejections are proper and thus stand.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Communication

Application/Control Number: 10/611,494 Page 11

Art Unit: 3664

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to RONNIE MANCHO whose telephone number is (571)272-6984.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs: 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tran Khoi can be reached on 571-272-6919. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would

like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Ronnie Mancho Examiner

Art Unit 3664

10/22/2008

/KHOI TRAN/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3664